

Camden Council

Decision Notice

Town and Country Planning Act 1990

Planning Permission - Full householder: Granted

Applicant	Alexandra Horn
Application number	25-00148-HAPP
Application received	13 May 2025 00:00
Decision date	8 July 2025 00:00
Site address	16, BARTHOLOMEW VILLAS, LONDON, NW5 2LL
Use/development	Single storey rear infill extension at ground floor level with green roof and rooflight.

The application is granted due to the following reason(s):

The application site comprises a three-storey end of terrace building located on the western side of Bartholomew Villas. The site is within the Bartholomew Estate Conservation Area and no listed buildings are affected. The applicant is seeking permission for a single storied rear infill extension at ground floor level with a green roof and rooflights. The extension measures approximately 4.6m deep, 3.4m wide and 3.3m high. This application follows a number of previously refused applications at the site, also for rear extensions (2025/1303/P, 2018/1343/P and 2017/6610/P). This application proposes a reduced height and decreased depth of extension when compared with the previous applications.

The proposed extension would be sized, designed and located appropriately, such that it would preserve the character and appearance of the conservation area. It would be lower in height than the existing rear extension and would also be setback by 0.6m from the rear wall of the

existing rear extension. It would have limited visibility from the public realm, would be subordinate to the building being extended and sufficient garden space would be retained. It would also be in keeping with the existing pattern development in this location, with its scale being comparable to other extensions present along this side of Bartholomew Villas (e.g. 14 & 22). The proposed materials, which include brick to match the existing and a upvc door (re-used from the rear elevation) are considered appropriate.

The inclusion of a green roof is a positive, and its implementation would be secured via condition.

Due to the scale, nature and location of the proposal, it does not raise any unacceptable amenity related concerns. The side wall of the extension would be set back from the side boundary wall of the property with its neighbour at No. 14 by approximately 0.9m and the total distance from the side wall of the adjoining property at No. 14 is approximately 1.7m. Due to the distance to the boundary with No. 14 it is not considered that the proposal would have a detrimental impact on the residential amenities of the occupiers due to loss of daylight nor would it result in overlooking or loss of privacy due to the absence of any side facing windows.

No objections were received following public consultation. The planning history of the site has been taken into account when coming to this decision.

As such, the proposed development is in general accordance with policies D1, D2 and A1 of the London Borough of Camden Local Plan 2017 and policy D3 of the Kentish Town Neighbourhood Plan and the National Planning Policy Framework 2024.

Conditions:

1. The development hereby permitted shall be commenced within three years of the date of this permission.

To comply with the provisions of Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended).

2. The development hereby permitted must be undertaken in accordance with the approved plans and documents.

100, Rev A01; 200, Rev A01; 201, Rev A01; 300, Rev A01; 301, Rev A01; 400, Rev A01; 401, Rev A01; 500, Rev A01; 600, Rev A01; 601, Rev A01.

For the avoidance of doubt and in the interests of proper planning.

3. All new external work and finishes and work of making good shall match the original work in respect of the materials, colour, texture, profile and finished appearance, except where indicated otherwise on the drawings hereby approved or unless otherwise required by condition.

To preserve the character and appearance of the local area.

4. Prior to commencement of development, full details in respect of the living roof shall be submitted to and approved by the local planning authority. The details shall include:
 - i. a detailed scheme of maintenance;
 - ii. sections at a scale of 1:20 with manufacturer's details demonstrating the construction and materials used; and
 - iii. full details of planting species and density.

The living roof shall be fully provided in accordance with the approved details prior to first occupation and thereafter retained and maintained in accordance with the approved scheme.

Reason: In order to ensure the development undertakes reasonable measures to take account of biodiversity and the water environment in accordance with policies CC1, CC2, CC3, D1, D2 and A3 of the Camden Local Plan 2017.

Informatives:

1. Building Control: general all-purpose informative
Your proposals may be subject to control under the Building Regulations and/or the London Buildings Acts that cover aspects including fire and emergency escape, access and facilities for people with disabilities and sound insulation between dwellings. You are advised to consult the Council's Building Control Service, Camden Town Hall, Judd St, Kings Cross, London NW1 2QS (tel: 020-7974 6941).
2. Highways (all consents)
This approval does not authorise the use of the public highway. Any requirement to use the public highway, such as for hoardings, temporary road closures and suspension of parking bays, will be subject to approval of relevant licence from the Council's Streetworks Authorisations & Compliance Team, 5 Pancras Square c/o Town Hall, Judd Street London WC1H 9JE (Tel. No 020 7974 4444). Licences and authorisations need to be sought in advance of proposed works. Where development is subject to a Construction Management Plan (through a requirement in a S106 agreement), no licence or authorisation will be granted until the Construction Management Plan is approved by the Council.
3. Environmental health (all consents)
All works should be conducted in accordance with the Camden Minimum Requirements - a copy is available on the Council's website (search for 'Camden Minimum Requirements' at www.camden.gov.uk) or contact the Council's Noise and Licensing Enforcement Team, 5 Pancras Square c/o Town Hall, Judd Street London WC1H 9JE (Tel. No. 020 7974 4444)
Noise from demolition and construction works is subject to control under the Control of Pollution Act 1974. You must carry out any building works that can be heard at the boundary of the site only between 08.00 and 18.00 hours Monday to Friday and 08.00 to 13.00 on Saturday and not at

all on Sundays and Public Holidays. You must secure the approval of the Council's Noise and Licensing Enforcement Team prior to undertaking such activities outside these hours."

4. Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG 1)

The effect of paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 is that planning permission granted for the development of land in England is deemed to have been granted subject to the condition ("the biodiversity gain condition") that development may not begin unless: (a) a Biodiversity Gain Plan has been submitted to the planning authority, and (b) the planning authority has approved the plan. The local planning authority (LPA) that would approve any Biodiversity Gain Plan (BGP) (if required) is London Borough of Camden. There are statutory exemptions and transitional arrangements which mean that the biodiversity gain condition does not always apply. These are summarised below. Based on the information available this permission will not require the approval of a BGP before development is begun because the planning permission is a minor application within de minimis exemption threshold. If the onsite habitat includes Irreplaceable Habitat (within the meaning of the Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Irreplaceable Habitat) Regulations 2024) there are additional requirements. The BGP must include, in addition to information about steps taken or to be taken to minimise any adverse effect of the development on the habitat, information on arrangements for compensation for any impact the development has on the biodiversity of the irreplaceable habitat. The LPA can only approve a BGP if satisfied the adverse effect on the irreplaceable habitat is minimised and appropriate arrangements have been made for the purpose of compensating for any impact which do not include the use of biodiversity credits. If planning permission is granted on an application made under section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and a BGP was approved in relation to the previous (parent) planning permission ("the earlier BGP") there are circumstances when the earlier BGP is regarded as approved for the purpose of discharging the biodiversity gain condition subject to which the section 73 planning permission is granted.

5. Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG 2)

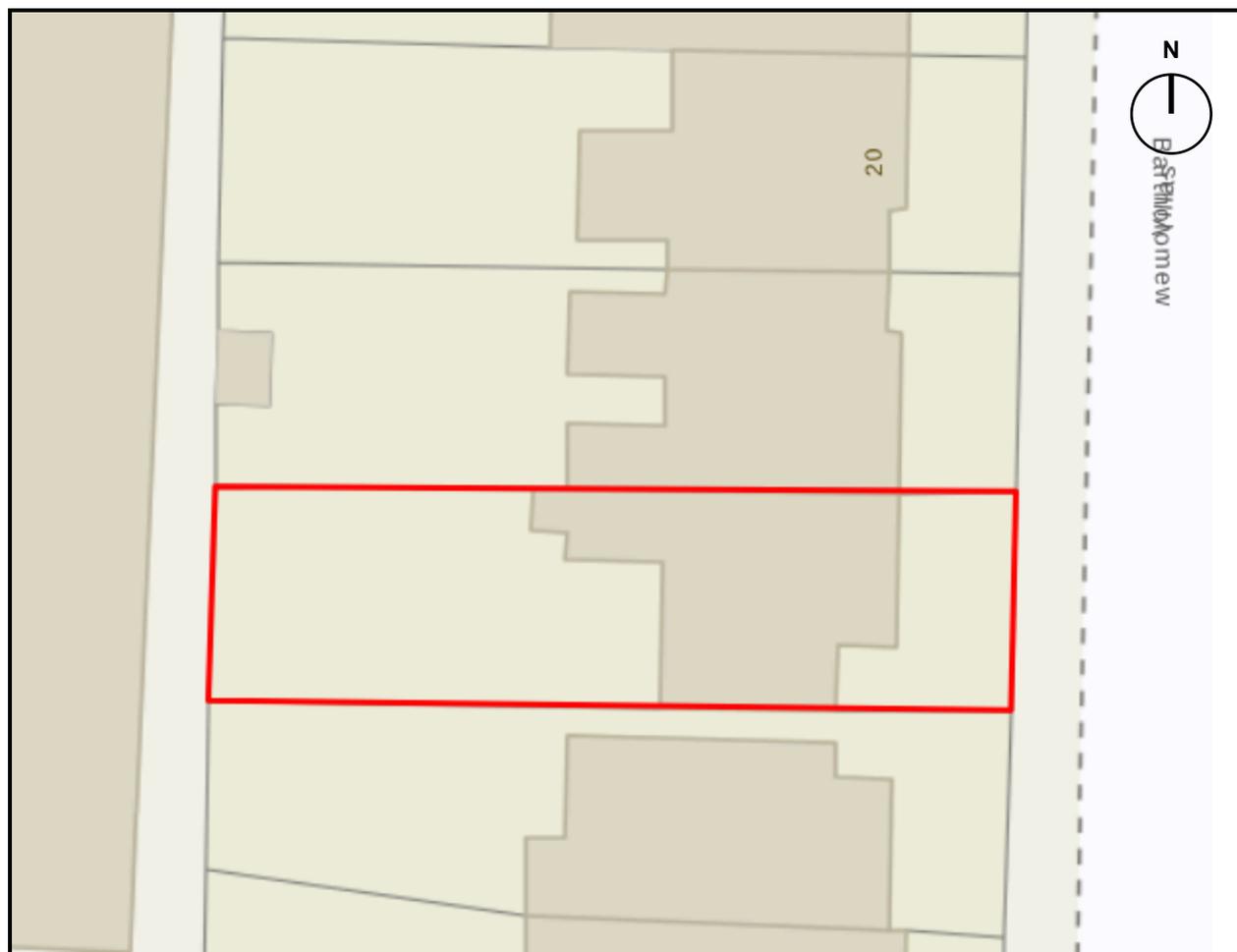
+ Irreplaceable habitat: If the onsite habitat includes Irreplaceable Habitat (within the meaning of the Biodiversity Gain Requirements (Irreplaceable Habitat) Regulations 2024) there are additional requirements. In addition to information about minimising adverse impacts on the habitat, the BGP must include information on compensation for any impact on the biodiversity of the irreplaceable habitat. The LPA can only approve a BGP if satisfied that the impact on the irreplaceable habitat is minimised and appropriate arrangements have been made for compensating for any impact which do not include the use of biodiversity credits. ++ The effect of section 73(2D) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 If planning permission is granted under section 73, and a BGP was approved in relation to the previous planning permission ("the earlier BGP"), the earlier BGP may be regarded as approved for the purpose of discharging the biodiversity gain condition on this permission. It will be regarded as

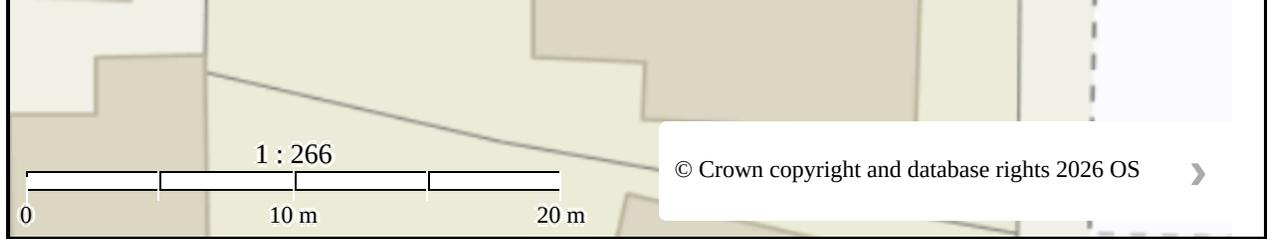
approved if the conditions attached (and so the permission granted) do not affect both the post-development value of the onsite habitat and any arrangements made to compensate irreplaceable habitat as specified in the earlier BGP. ++ Phased development In the case of phased development, the BGP will be required to be submitted to and approved by the LPA before development can begin (the overall plan), and before each phase of development can begin (phase plans). The modifications in respect of the biodiversity gain condition in phased development are set out in Part 2 of the Biodiversity Gain (Town and Country Planning) (Modifications and Amendments) (England) Regulations 2024.

This decision is based on the following plans:

Document reference	Description	Date received
Design & Access Statement & Existing & Proposed Drawings	Elevations - existing Elevations - proposed Floor plan - existing Floor plan - proposed Other - drawing Site plan - existing Site plan - proposed Photographs - existing Heritage Statement Other - document Visualisations	13 May 2025 09:25

Site location





Notes

Enquiries regarding this document should include the application number and be sent to:

Email

digitalplanning@camden.gov.uk

Postal address

Camden Council,
London Borough of Camden, 5 Pancras Square, N1C 4AG

Signature

Daniel Pope
Chief Planning Officer

TOWN & COUNTRY PLANNING (APPEALS) (WRITTEN REPRESENTATIONS) (ENGLAND) (AMENDMENT) (REGULATIONS 2013)

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990

Appeals to the Secretary of State

- If you are aggrieved by the decision of your Local Planning Authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
- If you want to appeal against your Local Planning Authority's decision, then you must do so within 12 weeks from the date of this notice for appeals being decided under the Commercial Appeals Service and 6 months from the date of this notice for all other minor and major applications.
- However, if an enforcement notice has been served for the same or very similar development within the previous 2 years, the time limit is:
 - 28 days from the date of the LPA decision if the enforcement notice was served before the decision was made yet not longer than 2 years before the application was made.

- 28 days from the date the enforcement notice was served if served on or after the date the decision was made (unless this extends the appeal period beyond 6 months).
- Appeals must be made to the Planning Inspectorate and this can be done electronically via the GOV.UK website: <https://www.gov.uk/appeal-planning-decision> (<https://www.gov.uk/appeal-planning-decision>)
- If you are unable to appeal online, you can obtain a paper form from the Planning Inspectorate by contacting their Customer Support Team on 0303 444 5000.

Commercial Appeals Service

- This type of appeal proceeds by way of written representations, known as the "Commercial Appeals Service". Third parties will not have the opportunity to make further representations to the Planning Inspectorate on these.

All other Minor and Major Applications

- The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal, but he will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal.
- The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the Local Planning Authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.
- In practice, the Secretary of State does not refuse to consider appeals solely because the Local Planning Authority based on their decision on a direction given by him.
- If you intend to submit an appeal that you would like examined by inquiry then you must notify the Local Planning Authority and Planning Inspectorate (inquiryappeals@planninginspectorate.gov.uk) at least 10 days before submitting the appeal. Further details are on GOV.UK.

Purchase Notices

- If either the Local Planning Authority or the Secretary of State refuses permission to development land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted.

- In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council (District Council, London Borough Council or Common Council of the City of London) in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

[Download as PDF \(https://camden.bops.services/api/v1/planning_applications/25-00148-HAPP/decision_notice.pdf\)](https://camden.bops.services/api/v1/planning_applications/25-00148-HAPP/decision_notice.pdf)